

# TECHNICAL NOTE

## OSB Bracing - BRACING INTERNAL WALLS

When OSB Bracing is installed as bracing internally, installation allowances are critical to ensure a good finish on any overlying internal plasterboard linings. Panels must be conditioned to the in-service equilibrium moisture content (EMC), and an adequate expansion gap provided.

The table below provides a guide to the changes that may occur to the width of a panel with changes in moisture content.

Moisture content increase	Increase in width [mm]	
	900 mm wide panels	1200 mm wide panels
+ 3 %	+ 0.81	+ 1.08
+ 5 %	+ 1.35	+ 1.80
+ 6 %	+ 1.62	+ 2.16

When OSB Bracing is used in conjunction with plasterboard linings additional noggins are required if the maximum centre-to-centre span between studs is greater than 450mm. Additional horizontal noggings should be evenly distributed over the wall height and the OSB Bracing panels fixed to the nogging at 150 mm centres. The number of additional rows of nogging is dependent on the height of the braced section.

Wall height ≤ 2745 mm → 2 rows of evenly distributed nogging

Wall height ≤ 3050 mm → 3 rows of evenly distributed nogging

Although OSB Bracing can be used as a lining panel if adequately fixed and battened, it has been designed specifically as a bracing panel. Specifications for OSB lining panels are generally thicker (12mm) and provide a generally flatter surface.